

2026-27

FOCUS PERSONAL TRAINING INSTITUTE ANNUAL SECURITY REPORT

The Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (20 USC 1092(f)) is a federal law commonly referred to as the "Clery Act." All institutes of higher education that receive Title IV funding are required to comply with the Clery Act, which is enforced by the U.S. Department of Education. Focus Personal Training Institute publishes an Annual Security Report in compliance with the Clery Act and makes this report publicly accessible to prospective and current students and employees.

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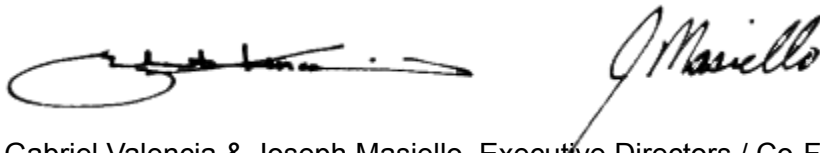
Welcome

Focus Personal Training Institute (FPTI) is pleased to present our 2026-27 Annual Security Report. The school's mission is to educate and develop personal trainers who demonstrate technical proficiency, integrity, and professionalism. To achieve this, FPTI ensures a safe, supportive environment for all members of our community - both on campus and online.

Safety is a shared responsibility, and by staying aware of potential risks, learning to prevent incidents, and knowing how to report concerns, we can work together to protect our learning environment.

This Annual Security Report outlines our safety policies, provides important crime statistics, and highlights available resources. We encourage you to review it carefully and familiarize yourself with the information it contains, so that you are prepared to contribute to a secure and supportive campus community.

Sincerely,

The image shows two handwritten signatures in black ink. The signature on the left is a stylized, cursive signature that appears to be 'Gabriel Valencia'. The signature on the right is also in cursive and clearly reads 'J. Masiello'.

Gabriel Valencia & Joseph Masiello, Executive Directors / Co-Founders

Special Note

This Annual Security Report also includes information on the additional safety measures FPTI has implemented to protect students, faculty, and staff in the remote learning environment. While these measures are not mandated by the Clery Act, FPTI believes it is important to share them with the Focus community. To differentiate them from on-campus procedures, updates related to remote learning will be presented in *italicized text* throughout the report.

Introduction



In 1986, Jeanne Clery, a 19-year-old freshman at Lehigh University in Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, was tragically raped and murdered in her campus dormitory. Her parents believed that the university had not done enough to inform students about campus safety risks. Driven by this belief, they advocated for legislative reform to ensure greater transparency and accountability in campus safety reporting. Their efforts led to the creation of the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act—commonly known as the Clery Act—in 1990.

The Clery Act mandates that all higher education institutions receiving Title IV funding (Federal Student Aid) maintain and disclose information about crimes that occur on and near their campuses. The U.S. Department of Education enforces compliance with the Clery Act's regulations, which include the publication of the Annual Security Report.

Section 1 – Campus Security Authorities

Campus Security Authorities are school officials who have significant responsibility for student and campus activities and are designated to receive and report Clery Act Crimes, as defined later in this report.

Focus Personal Training Institute's Campus Security Authorities are the School Directors listed below:

Gabriel Valencia, Co-Founder / Executive Director gvalencia@fpti.edu
Joseph Masiello, Co-Founder / Executive Director jmasiello@fpti.edu

The Campus Security Authorities collect and report allegations of Clery Act crimes that they conclude were made in good faith, as well as issue or facilitate the issuance of timely warnings and emergency notifications. They are not responsible for determining whether a crime took place and do not have the authority to apprehend an alleged perpetrator of a crime.

FPTI does not keep a daily crime log, as the institution does not have a campus police department or security office.

Section 2 - Geography

The Clery Act requires the disclosure of statistics for crimes occurring in the following geography, as defined below:

On-campus: Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonable contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution's educational purposes.

- FPTI's on-campus geography includes the entire 11th floor of 115 W 27th St, New York, NY, as well as the building lobby, stairwell, and both the passenger and freight elevator.

Non-campus buildings or property: Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of, or in relation to, the institution's educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution.

- FPTI does not own or control non-campus buildings or properties that meet these criteria, and therefore does not report any Clery Act crimes for this category.

Public property: All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within the campus, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus.

- FPTI's public property is defined as the street and sidewalks on W 27th St between 6th and 7th Aves, including the subway exit for the 1 train on the northeast corner of W 27th St leading up to the turnstile.



Section 3 – Framing the Annual Security Report

Preparing the Annual Security Report

FPTI's crime statistics are compiled on a calendar year basis by the School Directors / Campus Security Authorities, who are responsible for collecting, classifying, and disseminating crime statistics that occur within FPTI's Clery Act geography, as well as applicable policies and procedures contained within the Annual Security Report.

On-campus Clery Act crime statistics are collected from FPTI's crime log, which is maintained by the Campus Security Authorities and is securely stored in the cloud-based platform used by the institution.

To facilitate reporting statistics from FPTI's public property, crime statistics are requested annually from the New York City Police Department through a Freedom of Information Law request submitted via NYC OpenRecords.

Security & Access

FPTI strives to provide its students and employees with a safe and secure environment in which to learn and work. The following safety measures are in place at the institution's 115 W 27th St location in New York, NY:

- Facility alarm system
- Keyed elevator access when school is not in session
- Locked front door to the 11th floor requiring passcode for entry
- Video intercom located at front door
- 15 security cameras recording 24/7
- Locking doors to office and back staff area
- Locking doors to freight entrance and stairwell
- Fire extinguishers, as per NYS fire code
- Two fire exits and fire exits signs located in the classroom and the administrative office
- Automatic sprinkler system
- Means of egress and exit signs posted, as per NYC fire code
- AED device and CPR mask
- Fully stocked first aid kit
- Daily check by maintenance staff to ensure lights are working and means of egress are maintained and clear of debris
- On-site building superintendent

Since March 2020, FPTI has transitioned some of its programs to an online format. The need for safety extends to the virtual environment as well. FPTI uses Zoom to establish secure virtual classrooms for students and to facilitate meetings with faculty, staff, and both current and

prospective students.

To ensure the safety and security of everyone involved, FPTI routinely monitors updates released by Zoom and uses the following features:

- *Waiting rooms*
- *Passcodes*
- *Meeting locks*
- *Removal, muting, or disabling video of participants, if needed*
- *Breakout rooms*
- *Additional Zoom security features can be viewed here - <https://zoom.us/docs/en-us/privacy-and-security.html>*

Law Enforcement and Jurisdiction

FPTI does not employ campus peace officers or contractual security officers. As such, the institution's faculty and staff do not have powers of arrest and will call 911 in the event of a crime or other situation that warrants police intervention. FPTI does not have a written memorandum of understanding (MOU) or any other type of written agreement with any law enforcement agencies for the investigation of alleged criminal offenses.

Section 4 – Reporting

Accurate and Prompt Reporting

Students, faculty, and staff should report crimes that occur on campus as soon as possible to a Campus Security Authority, using any method of communication available (phone, email, text), as well as to the local law enforcement. If the crime has occurred outside of business hours and a Campus Security Authority cannot be reached, local law enforcement should be contacted immediately by calling 911. The crime should then be reported directly to a Campus Security Authority as soon as possible.

When the victim of a crime elects to or is unable to make a report, a Campus Security Authority will assist with contacting the local police department. In addition, it is FPTI's policy to allow for victims or witnesses to report crimes on a voluntary and confidential basis for inclusion in the Annual Security Report.

Campus Security Authorities are mandated to investigate incidents and to coordinate with local law enforcement agencies to apprehend those who violate these regulations or commit crimes on campus. When necessary, FPTI will press charges against criminal violators.

Institutions operating exclusively through distance education are exempt from certain requirements under the Clery Act. FPTI delivers a portion of its programs in an online format; regardless of delivery format, the institution is committed to a safe learning and work environment, and encourages accurate and prompt reporting for any and all crimes, regardless of if they fall under the Clery Act classification of crimes to report. If a crime has taken place during school hours within the Zoom classroom, via text or email, or through any other method of communication, a Campus Security Authority should be notified immediately.

Section 5 – Timely Warnings

FPTI will issue a timely warning for any Clery Act crime that represents an ongoing threat to the safety of students or employees, or for a Clery Act Crime that may be repeated. Campus Security Authorities will collect all the necessary facts and crime prevention information before issuing a timely warning, which provides details of the crime, a description of the suspect, if known, and information on whom to contact about the incident.

Timely warnings may be issued via email, text message (using Velocify's SMS batch feature), class announcements, or other methods if deemed necessary and effective.

As defined in section 40002(a)(20) of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 13925(a)(20)), the names and other identifying information of victims or witnesses are not disclosed in the timely warnings.

Section 6 - Emergency Notification & Evacuation

Preparing and Distributing

If there is an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees occurring on campus, FPTI will without delay, and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the emergency notification system, unless issuing a notification will, in the professional judgment of responsible authorities, compromise efforts to assist a victim or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency.

Emergency notifications will include the type of emergency, the location of the emergency, and what individuals should or should not do. FPTI will provide adequate follow-up information to the community as needed.

Emergency notifications may be issued via email, text message (using Velocify's SMS batch feature), class announcements, or other methods if deemed necessary and effective.

Section 7 – General Prevention & Awareness

Instruction on crime awareness, prevention, and campus security is provided to new employees upon being hired and new students during the first week of class. While FPTI attempts to provide a safe and secure environment, students, faculty, staff, and visitors are ultimately responsible for their own safety. As the institution becomes aware of relevant programs that address responsible practices and procedures that enhance personal safety, this information will be added. If requested, such information may be obtained from a Campus Security Authority.

Tips on risk reduction:

- Reduce or eliminate opportunities that may make you a target.
- Increase awareness in places you are most comfortable.
- Trust your instincts regardless of feeling embarrassed.
- Prepare your schedule daily with safety in mind.

Purse/wallet safety

- Carry purses, portfolios, or other baggage in a manner that will allow you to let go. Straps placed across shoulders, around necks, or wrapped around waists have caused injuries when victims could not free themselves during a purse snatch.
- Be aware of your surroundings and carry pocketbook/purse clasps facing inward, close to the body, tucked in the bend of your elbow as if it were a football. If there is a long strap, wrap it around the bag.
- If someone attempts to snatch your purse, let go of it, especially if there is a weapon involved. When dining out, the only place for your purse should be your lap. The back of a chair is an easy target for a thief. Never carry a wallet in a rear pocket; use a front trouser or an inside coat pocket.
- Minimize the amount of money, credit cards, and valuables you carry by only taking items that are necessary for the day.

Walking - be street smart

- If you suspect you are being followed, stay away from deserted areas and head toward an area where there are people or to the nearest open store.
- Be aware of your surroundings. Do not walk with your head down, looking at your cell phone. Do not have your headphones in with the music blaring.

Elevator

- When waiting for an elevator, leave the lobby or hallway if someone makes you feel uncomfortable.
- Check the elevator's mirror before entering.
- Stand between the control panel and door when in the elevator.
- Exit the elevator if someone enters that makes you feel uneasy.

Section 8 – Drug, Alcohol, & Substance Abuse

Policy Statement

The school has no tolerance for illegal activity or any other harmful conduct influenced by drugs or alcohol. Unlawful possession as well as the distribution of illegal drugs or alcohol is prohibited on school property or as part of its activities. The school will cooperate fully with law enforcement agencies and will apply appropriate internal disciplinary processes should a student or an employee violate criminal statutes with regard to illegal drugs or possession or sale of alcohol.

Students who are aware of the use or existence of any such substances at FPTI should notify a school employee immediately. The terms “illegal drugs” and “controlled substances” include all chemical substances and drugs described in any controlled substances laws or regulations, such as the Federal Controlled Substances Act of 1988. Prescription medications that have not been properly prescribed by a doctor to the individual are also included in this policy.

Members of the FPTI community are bound by federal, state and municipal laws. The institution is committed to a campus free of illegal drug use, misuse and abuse of prescription drugs, underage drinking, and alcohol abuse. The unlawful manufacturing, distribution, possession or use of illegal drugs or other controlled substances and the unauthorized use of alcohol by students on school property and by employees at work is prohibited.

FPTI adheres to stringent guidelines that comply with the New York State Alcoholic Beverage Control Law, prohibiting the sale, delivery, or providing of alcoholic beverages to people under the age of 21. Any person found to have violated the policy on alcohol use is subject to discipline.

The possession or use of illegal drugs is a crime in the State of New York. Anyone found in possession of or using such drugs on school property will be dealt with severely and may be suspended from the school, in addition to facing criminal charges and arrest.

Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act (DFSCA)

FPTI maintains a Drug Abuse & Alcohol Prevention Program that is distributed annually to all students, faculty, and staff. This policy can be reviewed in detail, along with the institution's other Consumer Information, at www.FPTI.edu/consumerinfo.

Section 9 – Hazing

FPTI strictly prohibits hazing in any form. Under federal law, *hazing* is defined as any intentional, knowing, or reckless act committed against a student, whether on or off campus, that endangers the mental or physical health or safety of a student for the purpose of initiation, admission into, affiliation with, or continued membership in a student organization.

- **Reporting Hazing:** Students, faculty, and staff should promptly report hazing incidents to a Campus Security Authority or directly to law enforcement by dialing 911. Reports may also be submitted confidentially to a School Director.
- **Consequences:** Hazing is a violation of both federal and New York State law (Penal Law §§120.16–120.17). Students found responsible for hazing will face disciplinary action, up to and including suspension or expulsion, and may be referred for criminal prosecution.
- **Investigating Hazing:** Upon receiving a report of hazing, a Campus Security Authority will promptly initiate a review. The institution will gather and document the relevant information, interview the reporting party, any individual alleged to have engaged in hazing, and any witnesses, and afford all parties an equitable opportunity to be heard. Where a student organization is implicated, the review will determine whether the organization is responsible for a violation of FPTI's hazing policy. Findings and any resulting sanctions are documented in writing, and the reporting party is notified of the outcome to the extent permitted by law. Conduct that may constitute a crime will be referred to the New York City Police Department.
- **Prevention and Awareness:** FPTI provides ongoing hazing prevention and awareness programming for all students and employees. This includes education on recognizing, preventing, and reporting hazing behaviors, delivered during orientation and through periodic campus-wide training.

- **Campus Hazing Transparency Report (CHTR):** FPTI publishes a Campus Hazing Transparency Report identifying any student organization officially recognized by the institution that has been determined to be responsible for a violation of the institution's hazing policy. Each entry includes the name of the organization, a general description of the violation, the findings and any sanctions imposed by the institution, and the relevant dates. The report is updated at least twice per year, each summary is maintained for five calendar years following its publication, and the report is available with FPTI's other Consumer Information at www.FPTI.edu/consumerinfo.

Section 10 – Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, & Stalking

FPTI is committed to creating and maintaining an educational environment free from all forms of sex discrimination, including sexual misconduct. Any act involving sexual harassment, violence, coercion, and intimidation will not be tolerated. Specifically, FPTI strictly prohibits the offenses of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking.

FPTI encourages the reporting of sexual misconduct that is prompt and accurate. This allows the school's directors to quickly respond to allegations and offer immediate support to the victim. FPTI is committed to protecting the confidentiality of victims and will work closely with students who wish to obtain confidential assistance regarding an incident of sexual misconduct. All allegations will be investigated promptly and thoroughly, and both the victim and the accused will be afforded equitable rights during the investigative process.

It is the collective responsibility of all members of the FPTI community to foster a safe and secure campus environment. To promote this environment and prevent acts of sexual misconduct from occurring, FPTI engages in ongoing prevention and awareness education programs. All incoming students and employees are required to receive educational materials about these subjects, and all members of the school community are encouraged to participate in training focused on the prevention of sexual misconduct.

This policy applies to all members of the FPTI campus community, including students, faculty, staff, visitors, independent contractors, and other third parties who are on campus and involved in an incident of sexual misconduct (this can be someone who witnessed an incident or who wishes to report an incident on behalf of another). The policy applies to these parties regardless of sexual orientation or gender identity.

FPTI's Sexual Assault and Related Crimes policy prohibits all forms of sexual misconduct. This broad term includes, but is not limited to, acts of sexual harassment, sexual violence, sexual coercion, sexual threats or intimidation, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, and cyber-stalking. This policy covers conduct that takes place on FPTI's campus and public property within or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the 11th floor campus

This policy covers all educational programs, and campus and school-related activities, including, but not limited to, student organizations (course review sessions, tutoring sessions, clubs), community organizations with student and/or faculty participation, and all other educational or extracurricular events hosted by or at FPTI.

This policy covers sexual misconduct occurring between individuals in various types of relationships. These include, but are not limited to, student to student, staff to staff, faculty member to faculty member, visitor/contracted employee to faculty/staff, faculty member to student, staff to student, supervisor to subordinate, and Focus Integrated Fitness employees and FPTI students. Sexual misconduct may be acts committed by an individual or collective actions committed by members of a group or organization. These acts may be committed

against an individual or against a group or organization. These acts may be committed by a stranger, an acquaintance, or someone with whom the victim has a social, romantic, or intimate relationship. These acts may be committed by or against any individual, regardless of sexual orientation or gender identity.

Section 11 – Registered Sex Offenders

As per New York State law, Level 2 (medium risk of re-offense) and Level 3 (high risk of re-offense) sex offenders are listed on the public directory. To search the New York State Sex Offender Registry, go to the following website:

<http://www.criminaljustice.ny.gov/nsor/>

FPTI will, upon request, disclose the results of any disciplinary proceeding conducted by the institution against a student who is the alleged perpetrator of any crime of violence or a non-forcible sex offense to the alleged victim or next of kin if the victim is deceased.

Section 12 – Missing Students

FPTI does not have missing student notification procedures because it does not have on-campus student housing facilities.

Section 13 – Counting Clery Act Crimes

FPTI classifies crime statistics in this report according to four general categories of crime statistics. A detailed description of each category can be found in Chapter 3 of *The Handbook for Campus Safety and Security Reporting* and in Section 17 of this report.

- Criminal Offenses
 - Criminal homicide: murder and non-negligent manslaughter, manslaughter by negligence
 - Sexual assault: rape, fondling, incest, statutory rape
 - Robbery
 - Aggravated assault
 - Burglary
 - Motor vehicle theft
 - Arson
- Hate Crimes (any of the above-mentioned offenses, and any incidents of)
 - Larceny-theft
 - Simple assault
 - Intimidation
 - Destruction / damage / vandalism of property
- VAWA Offenses
 - Domestic violence
 - Dating violence
 - Stalking

- Arrests and Referrals for Disciplinary Action
 - Weapons law violations
 - Drug abuse violations
 - Liquor law violations

Section 14 – Fire Safety Report & Statistics

FPTI does not report fire safety statistics because it does not have on-campus student housing facilities.

Section 15 – Daily Crime Log

FPTI does not keep a daily crime log because it does not have a campus police or campus security department.

Section 16 – Reported Clery Act Crimes: 2023 – 2025

Reported Offenses	Year	Geographic Location		
		On-campus	Non-campus	Public property
Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Manslaughter by negligence	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Rape	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Fondling	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Incest	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Statutory rape	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Robbery	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Aggravated assault	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Burglary	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Motor vehicle theft	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Arson	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±

Hate Crimes	Year	Geographic Location		
		On-campus	Non-campus	Public property
Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Rape	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Fondling	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Incest	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Statutory rape	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±

Robbery	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Aggravated assault	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Burglary	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Motor vehicle theft	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Arson	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Larceny-theft	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Simple assault	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Intimidation	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±

VAWA Offenses	Year	Geographic Location		
		On-campus	Non-campus	Public property
Domestic violence	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Dating violence	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Stalking	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±

Arrests and referrals for disciplinary action	Year	Geographic Location		
		On-campus	Non-campus	Public property
Weapons: carrying, possessing, etc.	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Drug abuse violations	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±
Liquor law violations	2023	0	N/A	0
	2024	0	N/A	0
	2025	0	N/A	0±

Hazing	Year	Geographic Location		
		On-campus	Non-campus	Public property
Hazing	2023	N/A	N/A	N/A
	2024	N/A	N/A	N/A
	2025	0	N/A	0

Hazing became a reportable Clery Act category effective January 1, 2025. Institutions were not required to collect hazing statistics before that date, so no data is available for calendar years 2023 and 2024 and those years are reported as N/A. Calendar year 2025 is the first year of required hazing reporting. Hazing is not a category tracked within the Uniform Crime Reporting classifications used by the New York City Police Department; the public property figure reflects that no hazing incidents within FPTI's public property geography were reported to the institution.

‡ Calendar year 2025 public property figures reflect crimes reported to FPTI's Campus Security Authorities. FPTI requested 2023-2025 public property statistics from the New York City Police Department under the New York Freedom of Information Law through NYC OpenRecords (request FOIL-2026-056-30874, submitted September 23, 2026). As of the publication date of this report, the Department had not provided statistics. This report will be updated and republished upon receipt.

Section 17 – Clery Act Crime Definitions

Murder and non-negligent manslaughter: The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another

Manslaughter by negligence: The killing of another person through gross negligence

Sexual assault: Any sexual act directed against another person, without consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent

Rape: The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus, with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim; includes the rape of both male and females

Fondling: The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity

Incest: Sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Statutory rape: Sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Robbery: The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat or force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear

Aggravated assault: An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury; usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm

Burglary: The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft

Motor vehicle theft: The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle

Arson: Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle, or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

Hate crime: A criminal offense that manifests evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator's bias against the victim

Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) offenses: Dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking

Dating violence: Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim

Domestic violence: A felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed (a) by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim; (b) by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common; (c) by a person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabitated with, the victim as a spouse or intimate partner; (d) by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred; (e) by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred

Stalking: Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for the person's safety or the safety of others or suffer substantial emotional distress

Unfounded crimes: Sworn or commissioned law enforcement personnel make a formal determination that the report is false or baseless

Hazing: Any intentional, knowing, or reckless act committed by a person, whether individually or in concert with other persons, against another person or persons regardless of the willingness of such other person or persons to participate, that is committed in the course of an initiation into, an affiliation with, or the maintenance of membership in, a student organization, and that causes or creates a risk, above the reasonable risk encountered in the course of participation in the institution of higher education or the organization, of physical or psychological injury, including whipping, beating, striking, electronic shocking, placing of a harmful substance on someone's body, or similar activity; causing, coercing, or otherwise inducing sleep deprivation, exposure to the elements, confinement in a small space, extreme calisthenics, or other similar activity; causing, coercing, or otherwise inducing another person to consume food, liquid, alcohol, drugs, or other substances; causing, coercing, or otherwise inducing another person to perform sexual acts; any activity that places another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words or conduct; any activity against another person that includes a criminal violation of local, State, Tribal, or Federal law; and any activity that induces, causes, or requires another person to perform a duty or task that involves a criminal violation of local, State, Tribal, or Federal law

Student Organization: An organization at an institution of higher education, such as a club, society, association, varsity or junior varsity athletic team, club sports team, fraternity, sorority, band, or student government, in which two or more of the members are students enrolled at the institution, whether or not the organization is established or recognized by the institution